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09/606,377	06/28/2000	Puneet Agarwal	P4501	5997
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CENTRAL COAST PATENT AGENCY			EXAMINER	
PO BOX 187 AROMAS, C	•	DUONG, OANH L		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2155	0
•	•		DATE MAILED: 06/13/2003	3

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.



U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTO-326 (Rev. 04-01)

3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)

6) U Other:

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

Claims 1-24 are presented for examination.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 1. Claims 1-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Chao et al (Chao) (US 6,338,092 B1) in view of Goertzel et al (Goertzel) (US 6,208,952 B1).

Regarding claims 1, 7, 13 and 19, Chao teaches in a distributed processor system wherein each of the first plurality of processors maintains a copy of the database (see abstract), a method for synchronized maintenance and distribution of the database (see col. 3 lines 22-23) comprising sharing the generated or amended data from the servers to the clients, such that each of the first plurality of processors receives generated and amended data (see col. 5 lines 3-47). Chao does not a processor running the first and second protocols. However, Goertzel teaches registering each of the first plurality of processors with at least one other of the first plurality of processors, creating client-server pairs (see fig. 3), in an arrangement that each of plurality of processors either run or is registered with a processor running the first and second protocols (see col. 1 lines 59-62 and col. 4 line 36-col. 5 line 20). Therefore, it would

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have been obvious to have utilized multiple protocols in Chao as taught by Goertzel because such protocols enable processors (e.g. client or server) in a computer systems to communicate with a wide ranges of other processors on other computer systems.

Regarding claims 2, 8, 14 and 20, Chao teaches registering each of the second plurality of processors with at least one of the first plurality of processors, creating client-server pairs between individual one of the first and second plurality of processor and sharing at least a subset of the database from the servers in the first plurality of processors to the clients in the second plurality of processors (see col. 10 lines 57-67).

Regarding claims 3, 9, 15 and 21, Chao teaches registering each of a third plurality of processors with individual ones of the second plurality of processors, creating client-server pairs between individual ones of the second and the third plurality of processors, enabling clients in the third plurality of processors to receive copies of the subset of the database (see col. 10 lines 57-67).

Regarding claims 4, 10, 16 and 22, Chao teaches clients register with a second processor to create a redundant server-client relationship for fault tolerance (see fig. 3 col. 4 lines 13-17).

Regarding claims 5, 11, 17 and 23, Chao teaches communicates only with the primary server as long as the primary server remains capable, and further comprising a step of activating the secondary server in the event the primary server fails (see col. 7 lines 4-19).

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2. Claims 6, 12, 18 and 24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Chao et al (Chao) (US 6,338,092 B1) in view of Goertzel et al (Goertzel) (US 6,208,952 B1) in further view of Gehami et al (Gehami) (US 5,765,171).

Regarding claims 6, 12, 18 and 24, the combination of teachings of Chao and Goetzel does not teach determines the difference and used only the difference in further propagation of copes. However, Gehami teaches upon activation of the second server, a copy of the database is sent to the client which compares that copy with its own copy, determines the difference, and uses only the difference in further propagation of copies (see col. 2 lines 19-40). Therefore it would have been obvious to have utilized the comparing step in the combination of teachings of Chao and Goerzel as taught by Gehami because such comparing step enables the client to copy only data items from the server which have added or changed so as to reduce the processing time.

## Conclusion

3. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Oanh L. Duong whose telephone number is (703) 305-0295. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday- Friday, 8:00AM - 4:30PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ayaz sheikh can be reached on (703) 305-9648. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 746-7239 for regular communications and (703) 746-7238 for After Final communications.

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Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-

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3900.

June 5, 2003

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